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Unholfome Henbane between two Fragrant Roses.

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Reasons and Grounds proving the unlawfull and sinfull inserting of the corrupt and most erronious Apocrypha between the two most pure and facred Testaments.

Together with a most humble Vote, and serious desire to our most Reverend and Religious Assembly of DIVINES, to be a means to the High and Honorable Court of Parliament for the utter expunging of it out of the Holy-Bible.

Mong the many rank and high-grown slinking weeds of wickednes and impierie, sit to be eradicated and pluckt up by the roots, and thrown out of the Garden of Gods Church, in these so hopefull Hileyon-dayes of a most holy and happie Reformation; I have a long time taken notice of one, which I hundle conceive to be none of the

least, namely, the heertofore peremptorily commanded, and hitherto uncontrouled inserting, and marvellous ill misplacing the unboly and unbolesome Apocryphall-writings in our Bibles, and that between the two most holy and Canonicall-Scriptures of the Old and New Testament; just, me thinks, like a deal of clinging Clyver, or noysome Cockle, and Darnel, perking-up in the midst of a fair and full-grown field of Wheat or Corn. Upon just and serious apprehension of the undoubted evill whereof, I have humbly made bold to be though a mean and most unworthy, yet) a faithful Remembrancer both to our most grave and godly, learned and religious Assemblie of Divines, in speciall, for the holy and happie reformation of this great evill among us; And also to all the rest of Gods people and truly faithfull-ones in generall, not to permit or tolerate such an uncomely and corrupt peice of patcherie, yea of down-right errours, and therefore pal-

pable impietie, in the very midst of, no nor in any part of their Bibles, the pure and unspotted, the most holy and holesome Word of God. The not onely Indecencie but apparent Impiety, and therfore undeniable finfalue fe and unlawfulnes wherof, I have heer endeavoured (and, I hope, not unfruitfully ) to make most easily and evidently appear to every pious and prudent Christian, who is bound to Abstain from all appearance of evill, much more, from everie apparent evill. 2 Theff. 5, 22. And this, I fay, will most perspicuously and plainly be manifested to us, if we wisely confider these few, but most serious and weightie confiderations following. First, then, as touching the Indecencie and unfines thereof, contider, with me, I pray; That between the prophefie of the Prophet Malachi, which is the end of the Old Testament, and the Gospel of St. Matthew which is the beginning of the New Testament, have too-long and too-inconfiderately, if not irreligiously been inserted certain Private-writings, called Apocrypha; which I may, me thinks, fitly call an Unholesome Henbane planted between two most oderiferous and fragrant Roses. It being, indeed, a meer humane stinking-breath, between the two sweet and most sacred lips of the most holy Old and New-Testaments, even in the midst and very heart, as it were of the bleffed-Bible, Gods Book, the onely-Book of all Books: Now, then, for the better dilucidating and clearing of this great and groffe Indecencie, I shall desire the Christian and candid Reader to consider, That Matachi, the last Prophet (which fignifieth Messenger, or Angel) did prophesie plainly, c: 3, 1. and c: 4, 5. that the Lord would send to the Tems a Meffenger, even Elijub, to prepare the way before the Meffiar, or Meffenger of the new Covenant, viz: Chrift. And thefe Speeches of Malachi, or last Angel of the old-Covevant are the very face of the New-Testament or Covenant made for many. Then, immediately, comes (or, indeed, should come) the first Evangelist, St. Matthew, and he reports (Matth: 1.20.) the Angel from heaven bringing news of Festis; and immediately after, the Messenger of the New-Covenant is born, cap: 2,1. And then, cap. 3. 7 bn Baptiff, the Repairer of Christs may, is introduced to the manifelting of that work. And this John is by the Evangelifts, yea by our bleffed Lord and Saviour Christ Jejus himself, called and declared to be that Elias, which Chrift faid should come before him (Matth: 11,14, and 17,3,11,12.) And he, indeed went before Chrift, in the spirit and power of Elias: Luke 1,17. And thus, I fay, all the 4 Evangelists begin their work of the New Covenant, making the last Sweet-Breath of the Old-Testament, and the first and most sweet and savourie Breath of the New-Testament all one sweet Canonicall-Breath inipired upon us from heaven. They look not, like bi-fronted Janus to 2 contrarie coaffs or mayes, but, band in band, as it were they do (or at leaft,

least, as Isaid before, should) joyn immediately and sweetly (without any stop or disturbance) meet and kisse each other. And who, now, should dare and be so bold as to hinder their boly lips from so due and decent a meeting? who, I fay, should dare and presume to dir yn and put asunder, at such a foul distance. Those things which God bath to justly conj yned together, by inferting such uncanonicall writings, yea such a private & pernicious unbole. some and unsavarie a stinking-Breath, as I shall immediately shew it to be? Befides, the Jews (who most carefully kept the Canon Law of God, or rather God for them) never received these writings for Canonicall as the Learned well know; neither were they written in Hebers facred-tongue; A Sufficient brand upon them to render them but a furious offpring of meerly erring men, & not a legitimate Birth sprung from Tebovah, nor any of his Divine Oracles given to Hebers people. Now, all this, I humbly conceive doth abundantly shew the most unfit and undecent misplacing of these Apocryphall writings, in the midit, or very heart, as I said, of Gods Canon vicall, unerring and immaculate Scriptures. And, now, in the next place, Ishall, Thope, by Gods assistance, make it no lesse clear and evident, that it is not onely thus undecent and uncomely, but, indeed, most impious, and unlawfull fo to misplace them in the midit of Gods Book, or, indeed, in any part thereof; which may most easily appear by these subsequent enormous and dangerous evils in them, viz. Errors, Untruths, Blafthemy, Manick, and Contradictions of Canonicall Scriptures.

I, Err urs.

For proof of this, namely, that the Apocryphall-mritings have Errors in them; See, 2 Maccabees, 12,43,44, and 45. The words are thefe. And having made a gathering through the companie, he fent to Ferufa'em about 2000 Drachmes of filver to offer a facrifice, doing very well and honeftly that he thought of their resurrection. For, if he had not hoped that they which were slain, sould rise again, it had been superstuous to pray for the dead. And he perceived that there was great favour laid up for those that died godly, and therfore it was a holy and good thought. So he made a reconciliation for the dead that they might be delivered from fin. See heer a plain and most notable Popish tenet of praying for the dead, and offering facrifice for the fins of the deceased, maintained and justified by Judas Macca em, as a very godly and honest act in him. Again, see another groffe errour afferted and justified by the Author of the Miccibees, 2 Mic: 14, 41, 42, 43, 44, &c. In which place is fet forth and expressed the high commendation and praise of Razis a Jew, for murthering himself in a most desperate, wilfull and butcherly manner. Al-To, Exclefiafticus, 46,20. And, the book of Wisdome, 19,11. The words I omit to quote and expresse at length, for brevities sake.

2. Untruths.

For proof heerof, look into, 2 Efdras, 14, 21, 22, 23. The words begin thus. For thy Law is burnt, wherfore no man knoweth the things that are done of thee, or the works that shall be done in the world. But if I have found grace before thee, fend the boly Ghoft into me, and I shall write all that has been done in the world fince the beginning; &c. Now that that is a palpable falfity & untruth the most complete History of the worlds Creation and preservation all along, in the 5 Books of Moses, &c. and the books of the Prophets, Evange. lifts and Revelations, most admirably preserved and kept from burning and destruction, notwithstanding the frequent devastations and conflagrations of Ferusalem and the Captivities of the Jews, and persecutions fince of the Christians, as in all former ages, doth most abundantly evidence and declare to the everlasting glory of God, and comfort of his children. So, likewise, you may see such other untruths, in, 2 Mac. 2, 4, 5,6,7,8. Tobit: 5,1 1,12,13. Judith, 8,33. And Indith, 10, 9, compared with 10,12. And, 11,6,12,13,14,15. Alfa, 1 Mac: 9,3,18, compared with 2 Mac: 1,10, As alfo, 2, Mac: 1,13.

3, Blasphemie.

For the clearing of this, look into Tobit, 12, 12, & 15. The words are these. Now therfore when thou didft pray, and Sara thy daughter in law, I did bring to memory your prayers before the holy One; and when thou didft bury thy dead, I was with thee likewife. I am Raphael, one of the 7 holy Angels which pre-Centibe prayers of the Saints, and which go forth before his boly Majestie. These 2verses being compared with Rom. 8,34. Who is be that condemneth? It is Christ that died, yearather, that is risen again, who is even at the right hand of God, who also maketh intercession for us. And, with the 1, Tim:2,5. For, there is one God, and one Mediator between God and men, the Man Christ Jesus. And alfo with, Revel: 8,3,4. And another Angel came and flood at the altar, having a golden cenfor, and there was given to him much incenfe, that he should offer it, with the prayers of all Saints, upon the golden altar which was before the throne. And the smoke of the odows which came up with the prayers of the Saints, ascended up before Godout of the Argels hand. Compare these 3 places, I say, with that of Apocryphall-Tobit, and then see and say whether it be not abominable Blashemie to make or mention any other Mediator twixt God and his Saints, than Christ Tefus alone; as there it is of one Raphael.

4. Magick , or Inchantment.

That this is so also, be pleased to see Tobit, 6,6,7,8,9. The words are these. Then the young man said to the Angel, Brother Azarias, to what use is the heart, the liver, and the gall of the fish? And he said unto him; touching the heart and the liver; If a devil or an evil spirit trouble any, we must make a smoke therof, before

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before the man or the woman, and the partie shall be no more vexed. As for the gallitingood to anoint a man that bath whitenes in his eyes, and he shall be healed, oc-Also, Tobit, 11, 10, 11, 12, 13. Tobit also went for thoward the door and sumbled. But his son ran unto him and took hold of his sather, and he strake of the gall on his sathers eyes, saying, he of good hope, my sather. And when his eyes began to smart, he rubbed them, and the whitenes pecled away from the corners of his eyes. Now, if these were not plain Spels and unwarrantable wayes of Magick and Inchantment, thus to drive away devils and evil spirits, and to cure diseases, by the help of such a spirit, as Azwiss and Raphael, let all truly godly say and determine.

5. Contradictions to Canonicall Scriptures.

For proof heerof, be pleased to take notice of that in Tudith 9, 2, 3,4 The words are thefe. O'Lord God of my father Simeon, to whom thou gaveft a Goord (Genes: 34,2,25.) to take vengeance of the strangers who had loofned the girdle of a Maid to defile her, and discovered the thigh to her shame, and polluted ber virginity to be reprosed (for thou faidst, it shall rot be so, and yet they did so) wherfore thou gavest their rulers to be flain, &c. Now, compare this with Gen. 49, 5, 6, 7. The words are thefe. Simeon and Levi are brethren, instruments of crueltie are in their habitations; O my foul, come not thou into their fecret; &c. Curfed be their anger, for it was feirce, and their wrath, for it was cruell, &c. And then see and judge, whether that of Apocryphall-Judith, were not a mott falle and foul contradiction to this Canonicall Scripture in Genesis; Indith accusing the Lord God as consenting to, and allowing of that cruell murther, committed by Simeon and Levi, on the Shichemites, for the rape of Shichem on their fifter, Dinah. Also, Ecclefiasticus, 46, 20. The words are these. And, after his death, he prophesied and shewed the King his end (1, Sam: 28,18,19) and lift up lis voice from the earth, in prophesie, &c. Now, compare this with Ifa: 57, 2. He fall enter into peace, they fall rest in their beds, every one that walketh before him. And with, Ecclefiaftes, 12,7. Then fall the body return to the earth as it was, and the spirit shall return to God that gave it. And, now, see if there be not a most egregious contradiction of Gods Canonicall Truth, in that of Approphall-Ecclefisficus, fally bringing in the holy Prophet Samuel to rife alive out of his grave, and to prophelie to Saul, after his death. So, alto, in Hefer Apocrypha, 12, 5. compared with Hefter Canonicall, 1, 3. And Hefter Apocryphall, 15, 9, 10. compared with Hester Canonicall, 5,2. And there you will also easily perceive apparent opp sitions and clear contrad Etions to Gods sacred-Truths not to be admitted or indured, especially in one and the same book and volume. Befides, take this one more note by the way (as a black-br.md and mark of unworthines of thus misplacing the Apocypha with (or in the heart and mid t

midit of) the holy Bible, the most facred Canonicall-Scriptures) even the low and base syle of the Penman of the Apocrypha, who sat the conclusion of all, writes thus, 2, Maccab: 15, 39. If I have done well, and as the Storie required, it is the thing I desired; But if I have spoken slenderly, it is that which I could do. Whereas the Inditer of the holy Canonicall-Scriptures, begins, goes on, and concludes from Genesis to the end of the Revelations, with majesty, gravity, and convincing authority; Thus saith the Lord; The Word of the Lord is pure and undefiled; And, Cursed is he which addes or diminisheth from this word, and such like most high and authoritative expressions, I say, all along, from first to

the laft.

Now, then, all these most serious and weightie premises advisedly and pioufly considered, How dares any man (especially by his or their anthority, who ever they be) joyn such patcheries, nay rather, such putrified and pernicious impieties, with Gods most pure and holy Canon, the facred Scriptures? Certainly it is most impious, and impudent pertinacie and faucynes for any man, I fay, to prefume and dare to joyn and fet up fuch bumane and rotten-pofts by the Lords most strong, pious, and precious Pofts, and their Thresholds by his Thresholds; which the Lord himself complains of, and cals and counts defiling abominations. Ezek: 43,7,8. And for which very thing, he cut off and confumed in his anger, his people of Irael, both them and their kings; as there in that Scripture is most evidently clear. And yet, even this durit our late most impious and imperious tyrannizing Taskmasters, the Prelats do in their formerly uncontrolled most proud and even Papally-domineering dayes; yea, and fo audaciously durst they do it, and proudly command it to be done, as not to suffer any Bibles to be bound up without it, under pain of sharp reproof and severe censures and Fines too for it. Yea and to this very day do too many even very good Christians, and especially almost all our irreligious Malignants and fottish Ignoramuses both in City and Countrey (I know not out of what insensible and corrupt custome) hugge and hold-fast in their Bibles, these so impure and polluted Apocrythal-writings (just as they idolized formerly their prelaticall Common-Prayer-Book ) almost with equall faith and affection to the most pure and unspotted, most holy and holesome Canonicall-Scriptures, which onely are abundantly sufficient and profitable to life and falvation, as being for this very use and end indited, pend and preferv'd by the Lords own speciall command, power and providence in all ages, maugreall the malicious machinations of Sath in any or all his instruments to have destroyed them, Atheists, Intidels, and Assyrian or Babylonish heathens. But heer, it may peradventure be objected (especially by or blockish Malignants and filly I norants) O, but,

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but, Sir, are there not very many excellent and Divine fayings and Sentences in the books of Apocrypha, as in the book of Wisdom, and Ecclesiafiens fit for men and women to read, and therfore were it not pity (fay they) fuch good things should be so ill spoken of, and so harshly and wholly rejected, and quite put out of the Bible? Wherunto I eafily answer, first, But are ther not far more excellent, purely-holy and Divine Sayings and Sentences in most parts of the facred Scriptures, especially in those precious pearley-Bracelets and golden-chains of facred Sentences in the books of Proverbs, Ecclefiaftes, the facred and fugred Book of Pfalms, and, as I faid, generally all over the while Bible, which may, nay ought to be more holily and holesomely read and ruminated on, than any or all those in the so polluted Apocrypha. Secondly, I answer, If the meer morall goodnes of those Apocryphal-writings (and that's the most and lest you can make of them) be the main and only ground of retaining them in your Bibles (as fo it feems it is) then, I say, for the very same reason, and on the very same ground, you may as juftly, yea and as profitably place in the midst of your Bibles, the excellent Sayings and Sentences, collected in a book called The Lives and Answers of the Philosophers, wherin is contained as many, and as excellent, wife, and morally Divine Sigings and Sentences of those Philosophers, as any that are in the books of Wisdom and Ecclesiasticm; But, I fay, neither these nor those, nor any other mens sayings, who ever they were, being but meer-mens, ought (as I humbly conceive ) by any means to be conjoyned and fet cheek by jowl (as the proverb is) especially, not to be tolerated in the very heart and midst of the sacred Scriptures, what ever specious pretences or fair glosses may be urged for it. For, that which, oftimes, feems good and very good'y to the eyes and heart of mansis a molt palpable and execrable a omination to the Lord.

The Vote upon the Premises.

O, therefore, that among the many most excellent and eminent merk of Reformation, in the Church of God now lately thought upon, and in much measure, fairly (already) iffected (to the perpetual) praise and glurte of our good God, the just honour of his pious Instruments Both Horses of Parl ancut, and the most learned. Reverend and religious Assembly of D vines, and to the inestable foul the ring joy and comfort of all true Engl showards and Servants of the Lord, who have (together with mine unrountly-telf, the meanist of them all) long time longed for, and from the root of their hearts desired to see those holy happie Haleron-dayes of King Jesus, sitting soldy upon his throne of powerfall and pure Ordinances) O, therefore, I say, that it might please the Lord to put into the hearts of our most grave and godly Assembly (to whom, I humbly conceive it most properly, now, appetiant) seriously to see unto (if, alreadie, they have not) a most exast and accurate Teso man on both of the particular great and grosse vitiossis; and also the given foul abuses offered to the whole Kingdows in and about this facred Both of God, the Buble; both as touching the constant deficit of exast core than of the Orthographic of it from the Primers-Presses, whereby the sufferies in very many places, soully corrupted and

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fally militaken; as also the constant and generall printing of our Bibles in very course and extreme thin and bad fir king-paper, and a dull and blunt letter, yet fetting a high and inhaunced price upon them; a most foul shame to them, and an intolerable abuse to the whole K ngdom, that fuch a most preciously usefull, and daily wend ble Book should be so ill used Also the adding unto (heertofore by conftra nt, & on pain of Heh-Commission penalties and for fest ures of their Bibles, through the horrible pride, tyranny and Popifa-Superstion of the B floops, and by the base aymes and ends of some London-Stationers and others, who for filthy lucre, got Patents for) the adding unto (I fay) and binding with our Bibles divers humane patches and peices of mens inventions; to be, as it were of necessity (by reason of their Pacents ) bound with every B. ble, making them, therby, to swell out to a bigger bulk, and so the more unconveniently portable, principally to raise the prices of Bibles, and to vent every mans inventions, if, I fay, they could but procure the B floops Papall authority therunto, as namely, the superstitious and idolized Book of common Prayers, the Genealogies, the Concordance, the Doctrine of the Bible, the Historie of the Bible, and fuch like. Some wheref, though I acknowledge to be usefull in themselves for honest, ignorant, and plain people: yet not fit (as under correction I conceive) to be fet check by jowl, with the pure and immaculate Word of God. But, most especially, I say, my humble fuit and heartie defire is and shall be, that our most Reverend and Religious Affembile of Divines would be pioufly pleased to be a means to our present Parliaments that by their Supreme Authority the most vile and vitious Aportyphal writings (so erronious and enormous, as hath been fore-mentioned) may be utterly expunged and expelled out of all Bibles whatse ever, hecrafter to be printed and bound up for publick and private use; and this, under fuch pan or penaltie as their grave and godly wisdom thall see fit. That so, Gods holy word alone may be had and used in its own genuine or be and nat we purity without any humane coagulated mixtures or improper additions, in any part of them. That thus, both those arch enemies of the Lord Jesus Christ, I mean Jesus and Papilis may loofe a mightie advantage, which they at leaft, seemed and pretended to have among us, and against us, and Gods Truth, especially, by those vitions writings, so equal zed (as it wereby many of us ) with Sacred Scriptures; and by which they most boldly (though most fally) used to boulfter up (upon mine own knowledge, I speak it) and to wrangle-out many of their blasphemous and damnable opinions, against the most pure, immaculate and invincible Truths of Gods Word: And, alfo, that by this means, all Malignant; and ignorant poor and blind formall Protestants (whom the specious and glitterring tales and fables, and, for ought we yet know to the contrary, untrue Stories, of Susanna, Jud th, Bel and the Dragon, and fuch like, do so please and affect, as hath been fore-specified) may be made better, yea, only, acquainted with the pure, and undefiled, and most autbentick Word of God, the facred Scriptures, which are able, of themfelves alone, to conform and confirm fouls to Christ, and to make simple-ones wife to salvation. Plat: 19,7,8. And this, I fay, hath been the longing and thirstie desire, and (till it be throughly effected) is and shall be the most fer vent and zealous prayer of one of the meanest and most unworthis Servants of his most dear and precious Lord and Master Christ Jesus,

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John Vicars.

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